## edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)
Summer 2014
Pearson Edexcel GCE in Decision Mathematics 1R (6689/01R)

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.


## EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATI CS

## General I nstructions for Marking

1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75 .
2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:

- M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.

3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod - benefit of doubt
- ft - follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{ }$ will be used for correct ft
- cao - correct answer only
- cso - correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- awrt - answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
-     * The answer is printed on the paper
- [ The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark

4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:

- If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.
- If either all attempts are crossed out or none are crossed out, mark all the attempts and score the highest single attempt.

7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.


| Question <br> Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

Sorting list into ascending order in (b)

- If the candidate sorts the list into ascending order and reverse the list in (b) then they can score full marks in (b).
- If the list is not reversed in (b) then mark as a misread (so remove the last two A marks earned in (b)). If the list is reversed at the start of (c) but not in (b) then still treat this as a misread. If the list is still in ascending order in (c) award no marks for first fit increasing. If the candidate says that the list needs reversing in (b) but doesn't actually show the reversed list in (b) then remove the final A mark in (b).


## Misreads

- If they have misread a number at the start of (a), so genuinely miscopied a number (before starting the question) then please mark the whole question as a misread (so remove the final two A/B marks earned).
- If they make an error during the quick sort then mark this as an error. They can still earn the $\mathbf{M}$ mark in (c) (see SC above).

Middle left

| 31 | 10 | 38 | 45 | 19 | 47 | 35 | 28 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31 | 38 | 45 | 47 | 35 | 28 | 19 | 10 | 12 |
| 47 | 45 | 31 | 38 | 35 | 28 | 19 | 12 | 10 |
| 47 | 45 | 38 | 31 | 35 | 28 | 19 | 12 | 10 |
| 47 | 45 | 38 | 35 | 31 | 28 | 19 | 12 | 10 |
| 47 | 45 | 38 | 35 | 31 | 28 | 19 | 12 | 10 |

Pivot 19
Pivot 45, 10
M1 A1
Pivot (47), 38, (12)
Pivot 35
A1ft
Pivot 31
list in order A1cso

Ascending order (middle right)

| 31 | 10 | 38 | 45 | 19 | 47 | 35 | 28 | 12 | Pivot 19 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 31 | 38 | 45 | 47 | 35 | 28 | Pivot 12, 47 | M1 A1 |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 31 | 38 | 45 | 35 | 28 | 47 | Pivot (10), 45 |  |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 31 | 38 | 35 | 28 | 45 | 47 | Pivot 35 | A1ft |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 31 | 28 | 35 | 38 | 45 | 47 | Pivot 28, (38) |  |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 28 | 31 | 35 | 38 | 45 | 47 | list in order | A1cso |
| Ascending order (middle left) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | 10 | 38 | 45 | 19 | 47 | 35 | 28 | 12 | Pivot 19 |  |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 31 | 38 | 45 | 47 | 35 | 28 | Pivot 10, 45 | M1 A1 |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 31 | 38 | 35 | 28 | 45 | 47 | Pivot (12), 38, (47) |  |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 31 | 35 | 28 | 38 | 45 | 47 | Pivot 35 | A1ft |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 31 | 28 | 35 | 38 | 45 | 47 | Pivot 31 |  |
| 10 | 12 | 19 | 28 | 31 | 35 | 38 | 45 | 47 | list in order | A1cso |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. (a) | e. g. Activities 1 and 3 both can only be done by Hugo | B2, 1, $0 \quad$ (2) |
| (b) | J to 1 should be chosen <br> e. g. J to 1 would release H to do 3 . <br> e. g. if H is retrained then tasks 1 and 3 can still only be done by H . | M1 <br> A1 <br> (2) |
| (c) | $\mathrm{A}-2=\mathrm{P}-4=\mathrm{C}-5=\mathrm{J}-1=\mathrm{H}-3$ <br> Change status $\mathrm{A}=2-\mathrm{P}=4-\mathrm{C}=5-\mathrm{J}=1-\mathrm{H}=3$ <br> Complete matching: $\mathrm{A}=2, \mathrm{C}=5, \mathrm{H}=3, \mathrm{~J}=1$ and $\mathrm{P}=4$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> (3) <br> 7 marks |
| Notes for Question 2 |  |  |
| a1B1: A statement with the correct employees and tasks that attempts a reason why a complete matching is not possible. BOD gets the mark here. Note e.g. 'Hugo is the only one who can do both 1 and 3' or 'Hugo can only do 1 and 3' are both B1 only. <br> a2B1: Fully correct, including all pertinent names and activities. No incorrect information given. <br> b1M1: J to 1 selected with a reason given. One of $\mathrm{H}, 1$ or 3 must be mentioned. <br> b1A1: A correct reason given - must explicitly explain why J with 1 allows a complete matching to occur e.g. H can now do 3, or the candidate explains that if Hugo is re-trained there are still two tasks, 1 and 3 , that can only be done by one employee, H . <br> c1M1: An alternating path from A to 3 (or vice versa). <br> c1A1: CAO - a correct path including change status either stated or shown. Chosen path clear. <br> c2A1: CAO must follow from the correct stated path. Accept on a clear diagram (with five arcs only). |  |  |




| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. (a) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 R (4) } \end{aligned}$ |
| (b) | Drawing an objective line accept reciprocal gradient correct objective line minimum length equivalent to $(0,10)$ to $(15,0)$ V labelled correctly | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> (3) |
| (c) | $\mathrm{V}\left(49 \frac{7}{17}, 61 \frac{13}{17}\right)$ | M1 A1(2) |
| (d) | Testing the correct inequalities for points with integer coordinates $(50,61)$ | M1 <br> A1 (2) <br> 11 marks |

## Notes for Question 5

In (a) lines must pass through one small square of the points stated:

$$
\begin{aligned}
7 x+8 y & =840 \text { passes through }(0,105),(40,70),(80,35),(120,0) \\
4 y & =5 x \text { passes through }(0,0),(40,50),(80,100) \\
5 y & =3 x \text { passes through }(0,0),(50,30),(100,60)
\end{aligned}
$$

a1B1: One line other than $x=25$ or $y=25$ correctly drawn.
a2B1: Two lines other than $x=25$ or $y=25$ correctly drawn.
a3B1: All five lines correctly drawn.
a4B1: Region, R, correctly labelled - not just implied by shading - must have scored all three previous marks in this part.
b1M1: Drawing the correct objective line or its reciprocal. Line must be correct to within one small square if extended from axis to axis.
b1A1: Correct objective line.
b2A1: V labelled clearly on their graph. This mark is dependent on the correct five line segments that define the boundary of the feasible region.
cM1: Simultaneous equation being used to find their V (but not from $x=25$ or $y=25$ ). Must get to $x$ $=\ldots$ and $y=\ldots$
cA1: Correct coordinates of $V$ stated exactly as $\left(\frac{840}{17}, \frac{1050}{17}\right)$ or $\left(49 \frac{7}{17}, 61 \frac{13}{17}\right)$. If the correct coordinates are stated exactly with no working then this scores M1A0.
d1M1: Testing the correct inequalities for at least three of (49, 61), (49, 62), (50, 61), (50, 62).
d1A1: CAO $(50,61)$.

| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6. (i) | $1^{\text {st }}$ dummy - G depends on A only, but D depends on A and C . <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ dummy - This is so that H and I will not share the same start and end events or so that H and I can be uniquely described in terms of their end events. | M1 (7 activities + 1 dummy) <br> A1 (start + ABCE) <br> A1 (DFG + $1^{\text {st }}$ dummy) <br> A1 (HIJ + $2^{\text {nd }}$ dummy) <br> A1cso <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> 7 marks |
| Notes for Question 7 |  |  |
| In (i) condone lack of, or incorrect, numbered events throughout - also 'dealt with correctly' means that the activity starts from the correct event but not necessarily finishes at the correct event. Activity on node is $\mathbf{M 0}$. <br> Ignore incorrect or lack of arrows for the first four marks in (i) only. <br> 1M1: 7 activities (labelled on arc) and one dummy placed. <br> 1A1: One start + activities A, B, C and E dealt with correctly. <br> 2A1: Activities D, F and G and the $1^{\text {st }}$ dummy dealt with correctly. <br> 3A1: Activities I, H and J and the $2^{\text {nd }}$ dummy dealt with correctly. <br> 4A1: CSO - all arrows present and correctly placed with one finish. <br> 1B1: CAO - all relevant activities must be referred to - so activities D, G, A and C must all be mentioned for this mark <br> 2B1: CAO - please note that e.g. 'so that activities can be defined uniquely' is not sufficient to earn this mark. There must be mention of describing activities uniquely in terms of the event at each end. However, give bod on statements that imply that an activity begins at ends at the same event. |  |  |



## Notes for Question 7

a1M1: All top boxes complete, values generally increasing left to right, condone one rogue.
a1A1: CAO
a2M1: All bottom boxes complete, values generally decreasing right to left, condone one rogue.
Condone missing 0 or 22 for the M only.
a2A1: CAO
b1M1: Correct calculation for their activity D seen - their three numbers correct. Final value must be non-negative.
b1A1: CAO - no ft on this mark. The answer of 4 (with no working) scores no marks.
c1M1: Attempt to find lower bound: [42-62 / their finish time].
c1A1: CAO - correct calculation seen then 3 . No working scores M0 A0.
d1M1: Not a cascade chart. 3 'workers' used at most and at least 7 activities placed.
d2A1: 3 workers. All 11 activities present (just once). Condone one error either precedence, time interval or activity length.
d3A1: 3 workers. All 11 activities present (just once). No errors.
For reference:

| Activity | Duration | Time interval | IPA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 4 | $0-7$ | - |
| B | 5 | $0-5$ | - |
| C | 3 | $0-5$ | - |
| D | 4 | $4-12$ | A |
| E | 2 | $4-9$ | A |
| F | 3 | $5-9$ | B |
| G | 4 | $5-9$ | B, C |
| H | 6 | $9-15$ | E, F, G |
| I | 4 | $9-15$ | G |
| J | 10 | $9-22$ | D, E, F |
| K | 7 | $15-22$ | H, I |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. | Minimise $C=3 x+2 y$ <br> Subject to: $\begin{aligned} & x+y \geq 1000 \\ & \frac{1}{4}(x+y) \leq x, \text { simplifies to } y \leq 3 x \\ & 2 x \leq y \\ & (x, y \geq 0) \end{aligned}$ | B1 B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 6 marks |
| Notes for Question 8 |  |  |
| 1B1: CAO - expression correct and 'minimise'. <br> 2B1: CAO <br> 1M1: Correct method - must see $\frac{1}{4}(x+y) \llbracket x$ where $■$ is any inequality or $=$. The bracket must be present or implied by later working. <br> 1A1: CAO - simplified - answer must have integer coefficients. <br> 2M1: Correct method - one of $2 x ■ y$ or $x \square 2 y$ where $\llbracket$ is any inequality or $=$. <br> 2A1: CAO - answer must have integer coefficient. |  |  |

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