RECOGNISING ACHIEVEMENT

## ADVANCED GCE

MATHEMATICS
Probability \& Statistics 2

## QUESTION PAPER

Candidates answer on the printed answer book.
OCR supplied materials:

- Printed answer book 4733
- List of Formulae (MF1)

Other materials required:

- Scientific or graphical calculator

Wednesday 22 June 2011
Morning
Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

These instructions are the same on the printed answer book and the question paper.

- The question paper will be found in the centre of the printed answer book.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the printed answer book. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the printed answer book. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

This information is the same on the printed answer book and the question paper.

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question on the question paper.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- The printed answer book consists of 12 pages. The question paper consists of $\mathbf{4}$ pages. Any blank pages are indicated.


## INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER / INVIGILATOR

- Do not send this question paper for marking; it should be retained in the centre or destroyed.

1 In Fisher Avenue there are 263 houses, numbered 1 to 263. Explain how to obtain a random sample of 20 of these houses.

2 The random variable $Y$ has the distribution $\mathrm{N}\left(\mu, \sigma^{2}\right)$. It is given that

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{P}(Y<48.0)=\mathrm{P}(Y>57.0)=0.0668 \tag{7}
\end{equation*}
$$

Find the value $y_{0}$ such that $\mathrm{P}\left(Y>y_{0}\right)=0.05$.

3 The random variable $X$ has the distribution $\mathrm{N}\left(\mu, 5^{2}\right)$. A hypothesis test is carried out of $\mathrm{H}_{0}: \mu=20.0$ against $\mathrm{H}_{1}: \mu<20.0$, at the $1 \%$ level of significance, based on the mean of a sample of size 16 . Given that in fact $\mu=15.0$, find the probability that the test results in a Type II error.

4 A continuous random variable $X$ has probability density function

$$
f(x)= \begin{cases}\frac{3}{16}(x-2)^{2} & 0 \leqslant x \leqslant 4 \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}
$$

(i) Sketch the graph of $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$.
(ii) Calculate the variance of $X$.
(iii) A student writes " $X$ is more likely to occur when $x$ takes values further away from 2 ". Explain whether you agree with this statement.

5 A travel company finds from its records that $40 \%$ of its customers book with travel agents. The company redesigns its website, and then carries out a survey of 10 randomly chosen customers. The result of the survey is that 1 of these customers booked with a travel agent.
(i) Test at the $5 \%$ significance level whether the percentage of customers who book with travel agents has decreased.
(ii) The managing director says that "Our redesigned website has resulted in a decrease in the percentage of our customers who book with travel agents." Comment on this statement.

6 Records show that before the year 1990 the maximum daily temperature $T^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at a seaside resort in August can be modelled by a distribution with mean 24.3. The maximum temperatures of a random sample of 50 August days since 1990 can be summarised by

$$
n=50, \quad \Sigma t=1314.0, \quad \Sigma t^{2}=36602.17
$$

(i) Test, at the $1 \%$ significance level, whether there is evidence of a change in the mean maximum daily temperature in August since 1990.
(ii) Give a reason why it is possible to use the Central Limit Theorem in your test.

7 The number of customer complaints received by a company per day is denoted by $X$. Assume that $X$ has the distribution $\mathrm{Po}(2.2)$.
(i) In a week of 5 working days, the probability there are at least $n$ customer complaints is 0.146 correct to 3 significant figures. Use tables to find the value of $n$.
(ii) Use a suitable approximation to find the probability that in a period of 20 working days there are fewer than 38 customer complaints.

A week of 5 working days in which at least $n$ customer complaints are received, where $n$ is the value found in part (i), is called a 'bad' week.
(iii) Use a suitable approximation to find the probability that, in 40 randomly chosen weeks, more than 7 are bad.

8 (a) A group of students is discussing the conditions that are needed if a Poisson distribution is to be a good model for the number of telephone calls received by a fire brigade on a working day.
(i) Alice says "Events must be independent". Explain why this condition may not hold in this context.
(ii) State a different condition that is needed. Explain whether it is likely to hold in this context.
(b) The random variables $R, S$ and $T$ have independent Poisson distributions with means $\lambda, \mu$ and $\lambda+\mu$ respectively.
(i) In the case $\lambda=2.74$, find $\mathrm{P}(R>2)$.
(ii) In the case $\lambda=2$ and $\mu=3$, find $\mathrm{P}(R=0$ and $S=1)+\mathrm{P}(R=1$ and $S=0)$. Give your answer correct to 4 decimal places.
(iii) In the general case, show algebraically that

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{P}(R=0 \text { and } S=1)+\mathrm{P}(R=1 \text { and } S=0)=\mathrm{P}(T=1) \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

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