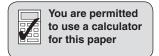


INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

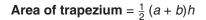
INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

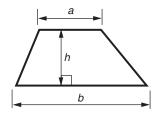
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- This document consists of **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

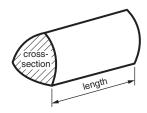


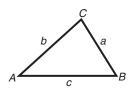
2

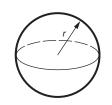
Formulae Sheet: Higher Tier

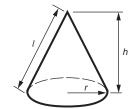












In any triangle ABC Sine rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$ Cosine rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ Area of triangle $= \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$

Volume of prism = (area of cross-section) × length

Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$

The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

Answer all the questions.

- 1 Caroline and Helen share a job in the ratio 3 : 2.
 - (a) Caroline works for 24 hours a week.

Calculate how many hours a week Helen works.

(a) hours [2]

(b) The annual pay for the whole job is £26000.

Work out the annual pay for Caroline and for Helen.

- 2 (a) Calculate.
 - (i) $\sqrt{28.09^3}$

(a)(i)[1]

(ii) $\frac{3.6+9.42}{2.4}$

Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

(ii)[2]

(b) Calculate the reciprocal of 2.5.

(b)[1]

[2]

(c) Insert brackets to make these calculations correct.

 $7 \times 2 + 6^2 = 400$

 $6 + 4 \times 2 - 5 = 15$

3 This scale drawing shows the positions of two ports, Aylton (A) and Borsey (B).

Ν

(b) Find the bearing of Aylton from Borsey.

(b)° [1]

(c) A boat sails from Aylton on a bearing of 213° for 16 km to C.

On the scale drawing, construct the position of C. [2]

4 (a) Multiply out and simplify.

4(2a + 5) - 3(a + 2)

(a)[3]

(b) Factorise fully.

 $12y + 4y^2$

(b)[2]

5 (a) The *n*th term of a sequence is $n^2 + 5$.

Work out the first three terms of this sequence.

(a)[2]

(b) Here are the first four terms of another sequence.

5 11 17 23

Find an expression for the *n*th term of this sequence.

(b)[2]

6 Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 108 and 72.

.....[2]

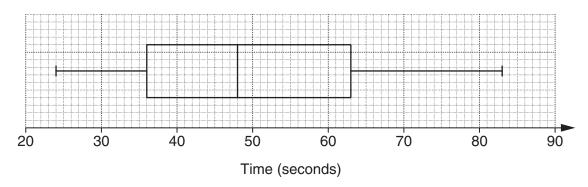
- 7 The students in two maths groups were each asked to solve a puzzle.
 - (a) This table summarises the times taken by the 30 members of group 7P.

Time (<i>t</i> seconds)	Frequency		
20 ≤ <i>t</i> < 30	3		
30 ≤ <i>t</i> < 40	7		
40 ≤ <i>t</i> < 50	13		
50 ≤ <i>t</i> < 60	6		
60 ≤ <i>t</i> < 70	1		

Calculate an estimate of the mean time taken by group 7P.

(a) seconds [4]

(b) This box plot represents the times taken by members of group 7S.



(i) Find the median time taken by group 7S.

(b)(i) seconds [1]

(ii) Find the interquartile range of the times taken by group 7S.

(ii) seconds [2]

8 (a) Solve.

 $6x^2 = 150$

(a)[3]

(b) Rearrange this formula to make *a* the subject.

 $S = 4bc + 2a^2$

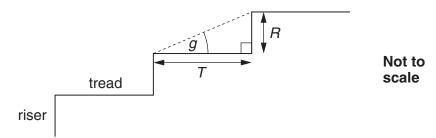
(b)[3]

9 Kahli has a sewing box which is a cuboid measuring 15 cm by 35 cm by 10 cm. She buys a pair of thin knitting needles which are 40 cm long.

Calculate whether a 40 cm knitting needle can fit in her sewing box. Show how you decide.

[3]

10 A staircase consists of treads of length *T* and risers of length *R*, as shown.



There are four safety requirements:

- T must be at least 220 mm
- R must be at most 220 mm
- T + 2R must be at least 550 mm and at most 700 mm
- angle g must not be more than 42°.
- (a) Russell wants a staircase with T = 222 mm and R = 218 mm. These values satisfy the first two safety requirements.

Show whether these values satisfy each of the other two safety requirements. [4]

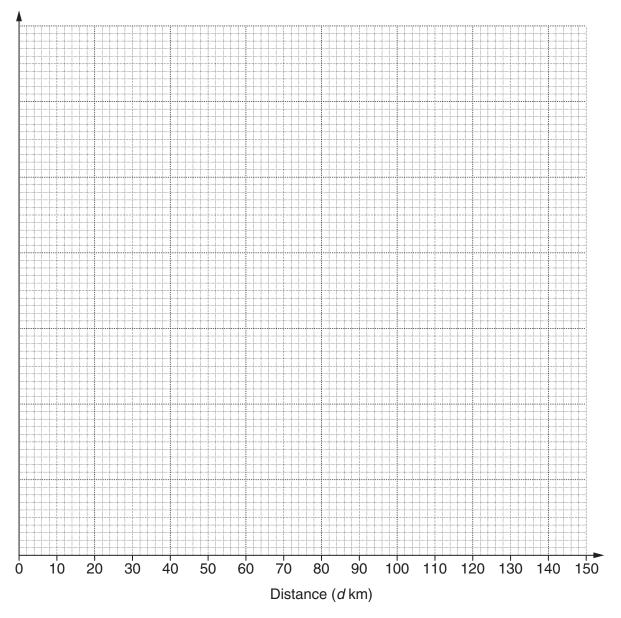
(b) Calculate the largest value that R can be when T = 270 mm. Show that your solution satisfies all the safety requirements.

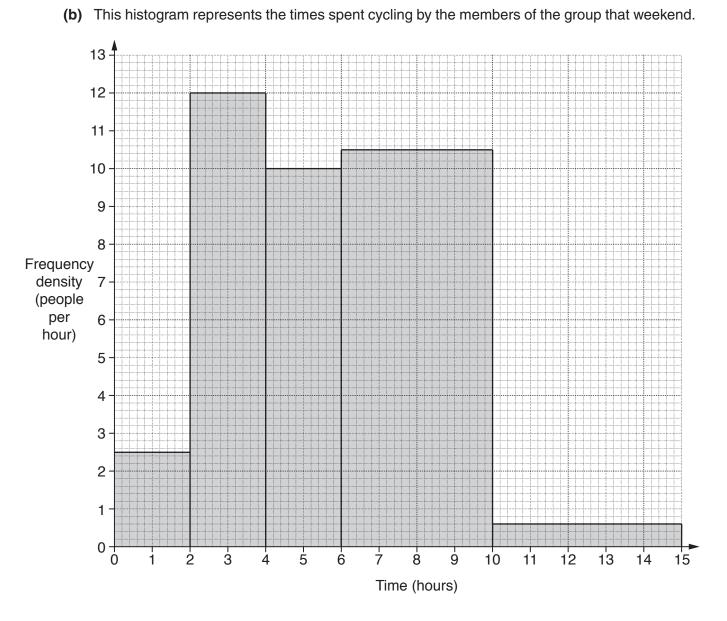
(b) mm [4]

11 (a) This table summarises the distances cycled by members of a cycling group during one weekend.

Distance (<i>d</i> km)	Frequency		
10 ≤ <i>d</i> < 20	4		
$20 \leq d < 30$	7		
$30 \leq d \leq 50$	25		
50 ≤ <i>d</i> < 100	40		
100 ≤ <i>d</i> < 150	18		

Draw a histogram to represent this information.





(i) How many of the group cycled for 10 hours or more that weekend?

(b)(i)[1]

(ii) What can you tell from the histogram about the shortest time spent cycling?

.....[1]

TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 12

12 You are given that f(x) = cx + d and that f(0) = -6 and f(2) = 10.

Find the values of *c* and *d*.

<i>C</i> =	 	 	 	
d=	 	 	 	[3]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



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