

GCE

Biology A

Unit **H020/01:** Breadth in biology

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2016

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning				
DO NOT CREDIT	Answers which are not worthy of credit				
IGNORE I	Statements which are irrelevant				
ALLOW or ACCEPT	Answers that can be accepted				
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit				
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark				
AW	Alternative wording				
ORA	Or reverse argument				
✓	Mark is awarded				
X	Answer incorrect				
٨	Omission mark				
BOD	Benefit of doubt				
ВР	Blank page				
CON	Statement that contradicts a correct statement				
•	Use to indicate when part of a mark point has been achieved				
ECF	Error carried forward				
GM	Mark has already been awarded (given mark)				
	Horizontal wavy line to indicate incorrect statements				
NBOD	Not giving the benefit of doubt				

SECTION A

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
			ntended answer if the letter in the box is crossed out. Do not an the original. If there is no letter in the box, credit a very
1	С	1	
2	В	1	
3	D	1	
4	С	1	
5	С	1	
6	D	1	
7	В	1	
8	С	1	
9	A	1	
10	A	1	
11	A	1	
12	С	1	
13	В	1	
14	В	1	
15	С	1	
16	A	1	
17	В	1	
18	В	1	
19	D	1	
20	A	1	
	Total	20	

SECTION B

C	Questi	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
21	(a)	(i)	1 discs same , size / thickness / surface area / surface area to volume ratio / diameter ✓	max 2	Mark first two answers only, ignoring the numbered sections IGNORE mass / balance used / soak time / repeats IGNORE a list of variables unqualified 1 ACCEPT same cork borer used ACCEPT 'pieces of potato' etc. for 'discs' ACCEPT 'length' as equivalent to 'diameter' IGNORE same shape / similar size etc
			2 same (variety / part, of) potato ✓ 3 no skin on potato ✓ 4 ref to removing excess water before (re)weighing ✓ 5 same, number / amount,		4 e.g. blotting / shaking
			6 same <u>volume</u> (sucrose) <u>solution</u> ✓ 7 same temperature ✓ 8 cover the tubes ✓		7 ACCEPT in context of room / environment / solution

C	uestic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
21	(a)	(ii)	1 <i>idea that</i> no change of mass occurs when the water potential of (sucrose) <u>solution</u> = water potential of potato (tissue) ✓	max 3	ACCEPT Ψ for water potential throughout IGNORE ref to solute potential / isontonic
			2 ref. to no change in mass (of potato) between 0.2 and 0.3 mol dm ⁻³ ✓		2 correct units must be stated once ACCEPT 'between 0.2 and 0.3 mol dm ⁻³ the water potential of the solution and the potato will be the same'
			3 plot graph of concentration of , sucrose / solution , against (%) change in mass and find which (sucrose) concentration gives no change in mass of potato		3 x and y axes interchangeable When an axis has been identified it can be referred to by letter later. Needs some ref to the mass change being 0. If the change in mass axis has previously been identified, then ref to that axis value being 0 is equivalent to no change in mass
					e.g. 'Should draw a graph of sucrose concentration on the x axis and change in mass of potato discs on the y axis. The point where the line of best fit crosses the x axis (when the y axis = 0) is the concentration of sucrose in the potato discs.' will get the mark
			OR carry out the experiment again with more (sucrose) concentration intervals between 0.2 and 0.3 mol dm ⁻³ ✓		'Draw a graph with change in mass of potato discs on the y axis and concentration of sucrose solution on the x axis and draw a line of best fit. Where the line intercepts the x axis is where the change in mass of potato discs is zero.' will get the mark 3 correct units must be stated once
			4 look up the water potential of the (sucrose) <u>solution</u> (e.g. on calibration curve or table), of that concentration / of the concentration which gives no mass change ✓		

C	uestic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
21	(b)	(i)	X (cellulose) cell wall ✓	max 3	If additional incorrect answer given, then 0 marks
			Y cell <u>surface</u> membrane / plasma membrane ✓ Z <u>vacuol</u> e <u>membrane</u> / tonoplast ✓		Y ACCEPT plasmalemma Z IGNORE vacuole
21	(b)	(ii)	sucrose <u>solution</u> ✓	1	If additional incorrect answer given, then 0 marks ACCEPT sugar solution / external solution / solution placed in DO NOT CREDIT 'solution' unqualified
21	(c)		there is a low <u>er water potential</u> inside root <u>hair</u> (cells) ✓	2	IGNORE ref to large surface area and short diffusion path IGNORE ref to solute potential / isotonic ACCEPT Ψ for water potential 'it' or 'they' = root hairs IGNORE ref to roots or root cells unqualified as hairs ACCEPT root hair , has / creates ,
			actively transport / pump ,		IGNORE solutes / sugars / hydrogen ions ACCEPT named ions ACCEPT named ions ACCEPT named solutes e.g. sugars
			Total	11	

C	Questi	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
22	(a)	(i)	164 706 ✓✓	2	Correct answer with no working = 2 marks If the answer is incorrect, look for a working mark: either (incorrect rounding) ALLOW 1 mark for seeing
					164 705 or 164 705.88 or 164 705.9 anywhere or ALLOW 1 mark for any ref to 56 ÷ 34 (e.g. 5.6 ÷ 0.34 or 5600 ÷ 34)
22	(a)	(ii)	28 🗸	2	Correct answer with no working = 2 marks If answer incorrect, ALLOW 1 mark for seeing 100 - 44 or 50 - 22
22	(b)	(i)	condensation ✓	1	If additional incorrect answer given, then 0 marks ACCEPT esterification
22	(b)	(ii)	water ✓	1	If additional incorrect answer given, then 0 marks ACCEPT H ₂ O (correct formula only)

C	Questic	on		Answer	Marks	Guidance
22	(b)	(iii)			max 3	IGNORE antiparallel
			1	phosphodiester bonds in , backbone / described ✓		1 ACCEPT covalent bond in backbone
			2	hydrogen / H , bonds / bonding (between chains / bases) ✓		2 DO NOT CREDIT if other bond mentioned to connect between the two chains DO NOT CREDIT H ⁺ bonds IGNORE strength of bond
			3	purine to pyrimidine / A to T and C to G ✓		3 DO NOT CREDIT thiamine / cysteine / adenosine
			4	ref to correct number of bonds between base pairs (A-T & C-G) ✓		
						Note: 'Two bonds between A and T and three bonds between C and G' = 2 marks (mp 3 and mp 4)
						'Two hydrogen bonds between A and T and three hydrogen bonds between C and G' = 3 marks (mp 2, mp 3 and mp 4)
				Total	9	

C	Questic	on	Ans	swer	Marks	Guidance
23	(a)		Column 1 Class Order Genus ✓	Column 2 Animalia sumatrensis ✓	2	If additional incorrect answer given, then 0 marks One mark per correct column. ACCEPT Animal / phonetic spelling / in lower case 'sumatrensis' must be all in lower case DO NOT CREDIT if the 's' is clearly upper case DO NOT CREDIT D. sumatrensis DO NOT CREDIT Sumatran / sumatran
23	(b)		universal / recognised world know which , genus / specie idea of different common na	es , it belongs to ✓	max 1	ACCEPT no language barrier ACCEPT ref to showing evolutionary relationships (e.g. shows common ancestry)
23	(c)	(i)	loss of , (rainforest) habitat or deforestation ✓ hunting / poaching (for horr climate change ✓		max 2	IGNORE disease ACCEPT loss of (rainforest) ecosystem IGNORE only lives in rainforest

C	Questic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
23	(c)	(ii)	1 hard to find a mate / may be gender imbalance ✓ 2 (inbreeding leading to) low genetic diversity / small gene pool / genetic bottleneck ✓ 3 cannot / less likely to , cope with / adapt to , (named) environmental change ✓ 4 all wiped out by the same disease ✓ 5 more vulnerable to , predators / poachers ✓	max 2	ACCEPT few individuals of reproductive maturity ACCEPT description ACCEPT (population) unable to cope with new selection pressures DO NOT CREDIT that they are more susceptible to disease in general
			6 natural disaster could wipe out , one / some , of the small populations ✓		
23	(c)	(iii)	education / awareness ✓	max 1	IGNORE ref to cloning In the context of educating the general public e.g. information displayed in the zoo or on website / holding education days for schools
			support for / promote ,		'support' could mean: raise money / provide funds / provide technical support / provide expertise / etc. CREDIT in the context of an example e.g. sending people to monitor populations in the wild e.g. supporting the setting up of nature reserve IGNORE zoo sets up nature reserves
			Total	8	

	Questi	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
24	(a)		6 600 ✓✓	2	Correct answer = 2 marks If answer is incorrect, ALLOW 1 mark for seeing $20.1 - 0.3 = 19.8$ or $(20.1 - 0.3) \div x$ or $19.8 \div x$ where $x = $ any number
24	(b)	(i)	advantages A1 more space for / can contain more / can carry more , haemoglobin / oxygen ✓ A2 can squeeze through capillaries easily ✓ disadvantages D1 limited life span / cannot divide / cannot reproduce / cannot undergo mitosis ✓ D2 no , protein synthesis / repair ✓ D3 no respiration , in / by , mitochondria or no mitochondria for respiration or limited respiration / no aerobic respiration / only anaerobic respiration ✓	max 2	Mark first answer only for advantage and disadvantage. A1 DO NOT CREDIT in context of larger surface area ACCEPT 'Hb' for haemoglobin D1 max time of 120 days / 4 months D3 DO NOT CREDIT 'no mitochondria so no respiration' (as some respiration will still take place) ACCEPT 'ATP release' or 'energy provided' instead of 'respiration' e.g. no energy being provided from mitochondria ATP is not released by mitochondria D0 NOT CREDIT ref to producing / creating,

C	Questic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
24	(b)	(ii)	Virus	2	IGNORE ref to the erythrocyte not having membrane- bound organelles without ref to the need of the virus to use them inside the cell
			virus is unable to / cannot , replicate / reproduce , on its own / outside a host cell or virus requires host cell , machinery / DNA / RER / ribosomes , for protein synthesis or virus does not contain , RER / ribosomes , for protein synthesis ✓		Must be a clear statement ACCEPT needs / has to use , host cell to , replicate / reproduce
			Plasmodium		ACCEPT 'malarial pathogen' for <i>Plasmodium</i> IGNORE eukaryotic / protoctist IGNORE it has its own , DNA / nucleus / protein synthesis apparatus
			idea that Plasmodium is using the host cell to hide from the immune system		
			or for <i>Plasmodium</i> to <u>complete</u> its life cycle or		IGNORE ref to just , part / stage , of life cycle
			for <i>Plasmodium</i> to use as a source of food (for , growth / reproduction) ✓		IGNORE ref to organelles

C	Questic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
24	(b)	(iii)	1 oxygen is bound to haemoglobin (while being transported) ✓	2	ACCEPT 'it' for 'oxygen' ACCEPT 'Hb' for haemoglobin
			2 lack mitochondria ✓		
			3 (therefore) no <u>aerobic respiration</u> ✓		3 ACCEPT only respires anaerobically IGNORE ref to energy
			4 (moved by mass flow so) doesn't need , energy / ATP , to move or needs less , energy / ATP (for metabolic processes) ✓		4 DO NOT CREDIT 'does not need, energy / ATP' unqualified DO NOT CREDIT 'makes / produces, energy'
24	(c)	(i)	1005 🗸	2	Correct answer = 2 marks If answer is incorrect then ALLOW 1 mark for any ref to 201 x 5 (e.g. 2.01 x 5 or 2.01 x 50 or 0.201 x 0.5 etc)

Question		on	Answer		Guidance
24	(c)	(ii)	or capillary wall is, thin / one cell thick / only endothelium ✓ no diffusion (through artery wall) or diffusion distance (too) large for artery or diffusion occurs (through capillary wall) or short diffusion distance for capillary ✓	2	ACCEPT artery <u>walls</u> have , elastic fibres / muscle / collagen / (more) layers IGNORE ref to veins / venules DO NOT CREDIT ref to cell wall
					Note: 'artery walls too thick for diffusion to take place' = 2 marks
24	(d)	(i)	Bohr (effect / shift) ✓	1	Correct spelling only ACCEPT bohr / Bohr's / bohr's

Question		on	Answer		Guidance
24	(d)	(ii)	 in actively respiring tissues 1 more / high levels of , carbon dioxide (produced) or high pCO₂ ✓ 	max 2	If symbols used must be correct e.g. CO ₂ not CO ² 1 ACCEPT ORA for resting tissue
			 2 lowered <u>affinity</u> of haemoglobin for oxygen ✓ 3 (CO₂ results in) dissociation of carbonic acid / increase of H⁺, leading to the release of oxygen ✓ 		2 ACCEPT 'Hb' for haemoglobin ACCEPT weaker affinity
			4 more oxygen released at same pO₂/ suitable data quote from graph ✓		4 (at , T / 3.2 kPa O ₂) drops from 40% to 24% saturation / 16% reduction
			Total	15	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
25 (a)	B C ✓✓	2	One mark for each correct answer
			e.g. B C = 2 B or C (only) = 1 B D = 1
	ADF 🗸	2	If one extra incorrect letter = max1 If two extra incorrect letters = 0 marks e.g. B C D X = 1 B C D X E X = 0 If any incorrect or extra letters are written, cross each one. e.g. A D EX Then look at any correct letters written. We have 1 cross so only 1 more mark available, A and D both right so gets this 1 mark) e.g. A D EX CX We have 2 crosses so 0 marks even though the correct letters have also been given If no extra or incorrect letters are written: Three answers written, all correct = 2 marks A, D, F = 2 Two answers written, both correct = 1 mark A, D = 1 A, F = 1 D, F = 1 One answer written and correct = 0 A = 0 F = 0 D = 0

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
25 ((b)	1	sugar / sucrose / assimilates , in the <u>sieve</u> <u>tube</u> (elements) ✓	max 3	
		2	(assimilates) enter , sieve tube / phloem (at source) and lowers water potential (in sieve tube) ✓		IGNORE details of loading mechanism and companion cells
		3	water enters (sieve tube) , by osmosis / down water potential gradient / described and increases <u>hydrostatic</u> pressure ✓		
		4	(assimilates) leave , sieve tube / phloem (at sink) and increases water potential (inside sieve tube) ✓		
		5	water leaves (sieve tube) , by osmosis / down water potential gradient / described and lowers <u>hydrostatic</u> pressure ✓		
		6	(assimilates) move , from high to low (hydrostatic) pressure / down pressure gradient ✓		6 IGNORE 'mass flow' as given in Q
			Total	7	

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