

GCE

Biology A

Unit **H020/01**: Breadth in biology

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
—	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Subject Specific Marking Instructions**INTRODUCTION**

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

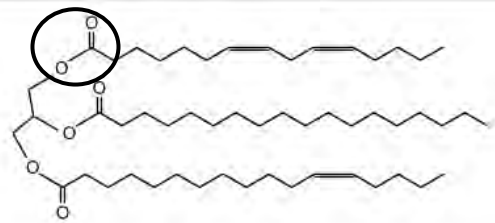
Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	C	✓	1	
2	D	✓	1	
3	C	✓	1	
4	A	✓	1	
5	D	✓	1	
6	B	✓	1	
7	B	✓	1	
8	A	✓	1	
9	A	✓	1	
10	B	✓	1	
11	A	✓	1	
12	A	✓	1	
13	D	✓	1	
14	C	✓	1	
15	C	✓	1	
16	B	✓	1	
17	C	✓	1	
18	D	✓	1	
19	C	✓	1	
20	B	✓	1	ALLOW G1

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
21	(a)	Telmatobius ✓	1	must be written with a capital T note: the spelling must be correct DO NOT ALLOW if species name included
	(b)	(good) solvent ✓ high specific heat (capacity) / temperature stability OR described ✓ (high) density (so frog floats / buoyant) ✓ ice is less dense than water ✓	2 max	ALLOW it has <u>oxygen</u> dissolved in it IGNORE 'high heat capacity', 'no temperature change', IGNORE 'specific latent heat'
	(c)	(i)		
		large / increase the, surface area / SA:Vol ratio ✓ <i>idea of:</i> increase (the rate of) oxygen absorption / described ✓ oxygen levels in the lake are low ✓	2 max	ALLOW 'for oxygen absorption' if mp1 given e.g. of description: 'for (more) oxygen to diffuse in (through skin)'

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(ii)	<p>D large surface area ✓</p> <p>E for (maximum) <u>diffusion</u> ✓</p> <p>D squamous, epithelium / cells OR alveolar wall, only 1 cell thick / thin ✓</p> <p>E (providing) a short diffusion distance ✓</p> <p>D good, blood supply / ventilation ✓</p> <p>E maintaining / creating a (steep) concentration gradient ✓</p>	2 max	<p>Mark first D response or E response only For two marks the E mark must be linked to the D mark</p> <p>IGNORE increase surface area, ref to SA:Vol ratio</p> <p>ALLOW idea of more or faster diffusion</p>
(d)	(i)	<p>repeat (readings) ✓</p> <p>calculate mean ✓</p> <p>identifying anomalies ✓</p> <p>use statistical test to identify difference ✓</p>	2 max	<p>this could be mean distance/size of colourless area, or mean time if cube allowed to go completely colourless</p> <p>ALLOW calculate standard deviation</p>

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(ii)	cube A = 0.6 (: 1) ✓ cube B = 1.5 (: 1) ✓	2	ALLOW 1 mark for 600 : 1000 and 96 : 64 6 : 10 and 3 : 2 3 : 5 and 3 : 2 (as correct ratios but not expressed correctly) Allow these ratios if written anywhere in the answer space. DO NOT ALLOW if units given
	(iii)	large(r) organism has small(er) SA : Vol ratio ✓ (rate of) diffusion (too) slow / diffusion distance (too) long ✓ for (sufficient), delivery / uptake of, oxygen / nutrients OR for (sufficient) removal of (named) waste products ✓ for, (aerobic) respiration / metabolic demands ✓	3 max	ALLOW ORA for first three mark points

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
22	(a)	any appropriate bond circled ✓	1	 <p>Accept more than one correct circle Circle should include both O atoms and the C between them</p>
	(b)	glycerol ✓	1	
	(c)	(i)	3 max	<p>DO NOT ALLOW energy for respiration</p> <p>IGNORE for warmth unless linked to insulation</p> <p>e.g protection around kidneys</p>
		(ii)	2 max	<p>One mark for description (1st mark point) One mark for explanation.</p> <p>Note mp1 only awarded for clear statement of trend not for full description of data DO NOT ALLOW hydrogen, ions / bonds / molecules</p>
	(d)	they / fatty acids, hydrophobic / described ✓ phospholipid bilayer (formed) ✓ fatty acids / tails, on the inside / pointing inwards ✓	2 max	ALLOW marks in suitably annotated diagram

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
23	(a)	350, (x / times) ✓✓	2	<p>ALLOW range 333(.33) - 350 x</p> <p>scale bar = 21mm max.1 working mark for: 21mm / 0.06mm or 21 000µm / 60µm</p> <p>Note: candidate may measure size of photo (image size) and calculate size of object using the scale bar. If calculated correctly this gives an answer very close to 350. Allow 2 marks.</p>
	(b)	(i)	1	<p>(similar) cells working together with, common / same / similar, (named) function ✓</p> <p>Need to see both 'working together' and 'same function' The named function must be storage of starch or photosynthesis</p>
		(ii)	2	<p>Q is phloem ✓ S is xylem ✓</p>
	(c)	cambium / meristem(atic)	1	

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
24	(a)	(i)	deoxyribose ✓	1	
		(ii)	phosphodiester ✓	1	
	(b)		<p><i>both have:</i> a pentose (sugar) ✓ adenine (base) ✓ phosphodiester bond (between sugar and phosphate) ✓ an OH group on carbon 3 of the sugar ✓ phosphate (group) ✓</p> <p><i>ATP has:</i> two additional phosphates ✓</p> <p>deoxyribose replaced by ribose ✓</p> <p>an OH group on carbon 2 of the, sugar / ribose</p>	4 max	<p>Mark first two similarities and first two differences</p> <p>IGNORE both have N, C, H, O, NO₃⁻</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW phosphate ion / molecule (but penalise only once)</p> <p>ALLOW ORA for DNA nucleotide</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW 'ATP has ribose' without comparison</p>

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance																																	
25	(a)	continuous ✓	1																																		
	(b)	use a microscope ✓ use a graticule / calibrate ✓ count number hairs per (unit) area ✓ repeat (measurements on same leaf) ✓ calculate mean (leaf hair density) ✓ divide by area used (to calculate density) ✓	3 max	e.g. calculate the area of view ALLOW calculate mean average																																	
	(c) (i)	differences completed correctly ✓ squares of differences completed correctly ✓	2	IGNORE all negative signs in Difference of ranks column DO NOT ALLOW negatives in Difference squared column ALLOW ECF for mp 2 <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Rank of hair density</th> <th>Difference in ranks (<i>d</i>)</th> <th>Difference squared (<i>d</i>²)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>4</td><td>16</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>(-)7</td><td>49</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Rank of hair density	Difference in ranks (<i>d</i>)	Difference squared (<i>d</i> ²)	2	2	4	1	0	0	7	0	0	10	0	0	4	4	16	3	0	0	8	1	1	6	0	0	9	(-)7	49	5	0	0
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2	2	4																																			
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8	1	1																																			
6	0	0																																			
9	(-)7	49																																			
5	0	0																																			

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(ii)	$r_s = 0.576 / 0.58$ ✓✓	2	ALLOW ECF from table ALLOW one mark for working e.g. $n(n^2-1) = 990$ ✓ $6 \times 70 / 10(99)$ ✓ 0.57 = one mark (incorrect rounding) 0.580 = one mark (for incorrect rounding) 0.6 = one mark (rounding too far)
(d)	(i)	further away from the river less water (available) / ORA ✓ transpiration causes water loss ✓ hairs, trap water vapour / reduce transpiration / reduce loss of water (vapour) ✓ reduced water (vapour) potential gradient from inside to outside leaf ✓	2 max	DO NOT ALLOW 'further from source' 'no source' DO NOT ALLOW hairs prevent water (vapour) loss
	(ii)	same / similar, size / age, trees ✓ same / similar, size / age, leaves ✓ repeated leaves from each tree and calculate mean ✓ record results at same, time of year / day ✓ ensure leaves selected are from, same side / same height / evenly distributed around tree ✓ systematic sampling / sample at set distances (from river) / described ✓	3 max	
(e)		their conclusion is incorrect ✓ reject (the student's), hypothesis / H_1 ✓ there is no, relationship / correlation, (between leaf hair density and distance from river) / the pattern seen is due to chance ✓	2 max	ORA accept the null hypothesis / H_0

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