

## **GCE**

# **Chemistry B (Salters)**

Unit **H033/01:** Foundations of chemistry

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2016

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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## Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
<b>✓</b>	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore
BP	Blank page

## H033/01 Mark Scheme June 2016

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
<b>√</b>	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

## **SECTION A**

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element
1	С	1	1.1
2	В	1	1.1
3	С	1	1.2
4	В	1	2.5
5	С	1	1.1
6	Α	1	1.1
7	В	1	1.1
8	D	1	1.2
9	В	1	1.2
10	D	1	2.5
11	Α	1	2.4
12	D	1	2.5
13	С	1	2.1
14	D	1	2.4
15	D	1	2.1
16	С	1	1.2
17	D	1	2.7
18	D	1	2.2
19	С	1	2.4
20	В	1	1.1

## H033/01 Mark Scheme June 2016

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
21	(a)		mass number 56 protons 28 neutrons 28	1	2.2	
	(b)		$(28 \times 92.17) + (29 \times 4.71) + (30 \times 3.12)$ $/100 = 28.1(095) \sqrt{28.11 (2dp)}$	2	1.2	NO ecf 28.11 alone on the answer line scores 1 mark without some evidence of working. Answers to other dp without working score zero.
	(c)	(i)	<ol> <li>(Add NiCO<sub>3</sub> to H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) until fizzing/reaction stops/all sulfuric acid has reacted√</li> <li>filter (prior to crystallisation)√</li> <li>(partially) evaporate √</li> <li>Filter the crystals/pick out the crystals/leave crystals to dry/fully evaporate to produce crystals√</li> </ol>	4	1.2 1.2 1.2	<ul> <li>2. IGNORE what is being filtered but NOT nickel sulfate</li> <li>3. ALLOW a word derived from evaporate e.g. evaporation</li> <li>4. boiling to dryness CON pt 4, ALLOW products/NiSO<sub>4</sub>.6H<sub>2</sub>O for "crystals"</li> <li>fully evaporate to produce crystals scores pts 3 &amp; 4</li> </ul>
		(ii)	<ul> <li>A no – this would have resulted in a higher mass/yield √</li> <li>B no – nickel carbonate is added in excess AW/ moles of sulphuric acid are the limiting factor/(excess)nickel carbonate is removed √</li> <li>C yes – loss of water would reduce mass (AW) √</li> </ul>	3	3.1 3.1 3.1	for each mark, 'yes' or 'no' (or 'correct'/'incorrect') must be stated (or implied) and the reason given.  ALLOW weight for mass

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
22	(a)		(2-)methylpropene	1	1.2	IGNORE dashes, commas and gaps ALLOWprop-1-ene ALLOW minor spelling errors
	(b)			1	2.5	ALLOW any unambiguous representation of the structure but NOT C for CH <sub>3</sub> IGNORE name
	(c)	(i)	water/steam AND phosphoric/ concentrated sulfuric acid	1	1.2	<b>ALLOW</b> names of acids (including oxidation states) or formulae (c.H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> (I), H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> ) but if name <b>AND</b> formula present both must be correct. <b>IGNORE</b> isobutylene/2-methylpropene
	(c)	(ii)	tertiary <b>AND</b> OH/functional group attached/bonded to C that has no H atoms <b>or</b> 3 C/methyl/alkyl/R (groups)	1	1.1	IGNORE 'it' for 'OH' ALLOW Alcohol/hydroxyl group attached to C NOT hydroxide
		(iii)	(heat with) acidified dichromate(VI) $\sqrt{}$	2	3.4	Mark separately ALLOW correct formulae
			A/tertiary has no reaction/stays orange /doesn't change colour.  Others/primary/secondary go green/change colour √		3.4	ALLOW sulfuric acid or sulfuric(VI) acid as replacement for acidified.  IGNORE formulae if names correct  ALLOW dichromate without 'VI' as long as no other number is there
		(iv)	forms the weakest/smallest/ fewest instantaneous (dipole) – induced dipole bonds/forces $\sqrt{}$	2	2.1	Mark separately IGNORE references to other intermolecular bonding ALLOW weaker/smaller/fewer ALLOW Van der Waal's forces or London forces DO NOT ALLOW id-id in first instance
			smallest surface area <b>OR</b> non-linear molecules are unable to get closer together/align AW $\sqrt{}$		1.2	ALLOW minor spelling errors  ALLOW 'less contact between molecules'
	(d)	(i)	Ether/alkoxy/methoxy	1	1.2	
		(ii)	$C_4H_8 + CH_4O \rightarrow C_5H_{12}O$	1	2.6	must be molecular formulae as shown ALLOW element symbols in any order IGNORE state symbols
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(	uest	ion	Answer		AO element	Guidance
23	(a)	(i)	Cl <sub>2</sub> + 2Br <sup>-</sup> > 2Cl <sup>-</sup> + Br <sub>2</sub>	1	1.2	IGNORE state symbols
		(ii)	chlorine is more reactive and gains electrons more readily (than bromine) <i>ora</i> OR and removes electrons from bromide/bromine (ions)	1	1.1	IGNORE other references to halides IGNORE references to electronegativity IGNORE "attract" ALLOW "accept"
	(b)	(i)	move through: Na $^+$ $$ not through: Cl $^-$ <b>and</b> OH $^ $	2	3.1 3.1	IGNORE H <sup>+</sup> any other ions are CON in each case ALLOW names of ions
		(ii)	2NaCl + 2H <sub>2</sub> O> Cl <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> + 2NaOH	1	2.6	ALLOW multiples or halves IGNORE state symbols
		(iii)	100% since no waste <b>or</b> all useful/desired products	1	3.2	IGNORE by-products
		(iv)	1. 37000/40 <b>OR</b> 925 √ 2. 925x24/2 <b>OR</b> 11100 √ 3. 1.1 x 10 <sup>4</sup> (dm³)√ (2 sf and standard form)	3	2.2 2.2 2.2	Allow ecf from 1. and 2. No ecf from (b)(ii)  without reference to working:  1.1 x 10 <sup>4</sup> scores 3 marks  2.2 x 10 <sup>4</sup> scores 2 marks  11100 or 11000 score 2 marks  22000 or 22200 score 1 mark  11 or 1.1 x 10 <sup>1</sup> scores 2 marks  22 or 2.2 x 10 <sup>1</sup> scores 1 mark  9.3 x 10 <sup>2</sup> scores 2 marks  0.93 scores 1 mark
	(c)	(i)	-1, +5, 0	1	2.4	NOT signs after numbers ALLOW roman numerals (-I; +V)
		(ii)	(Br in) BrO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> because oxidation state (of Br) goes down (+5 to 0)	1	1.2	ALLOW 'bromate' or 'bromate(V)' for BrO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> ALLOW 'brom <u>ine</u> reduced' <b>IF</b> correct oxidation states given ALLOW ecf on oxidation states from (c)(i)
_				11		

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
24	(a)	(i)	atom/molecule/species/ ion with <u>unpaired</u> electron(s) $$ formed from chloroalkanes/ R-Cl/ haloalkanes/ chlorine compounds/ CFCs/ C-Cl $$ by high-energy/ high frequency $$ uv $$ homolytic (fission) $$	5	1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	IGNORE 'single' 'lone' ALLOW 'it' for 'atom/molecule/species/ ion' ALLOW equation showing formation of radicals Mention of breakdown of Cl <sub>2</sub> CONS 2nd marking point IGNORE UVA for third marking point UVB and/or C covers both 3rd and 4th marking points. ALLOW homolysis
		(ii)	CI + O <sub>3</sub> > CIO + O <sub>2</sub> CIO + O> CI + O <sub>2</sub> $$ O <sub>3</sub> + O> 2O <sub>2</sub> $$	2	1.2	Mark separately IGNORE dots CI + O <sub>3</sub> > CIO + O <sub>2</sub> CIO + O <sub>3</sub> > CI +2 O <sub>2</sub> and hence 2O <sub>3</sub> > 3O <sub>2</sub> scores 2 <sup>nd</sup> marking point only
	(b)	(i)	Y axis (concentration) correctly labelled with units and standard form √  X axis (time) correctly labelled with units √  Points plotted utilising over half of each axis √	3	<ul><li>2.6</li><li>2.6</li><li>2.6</li></ul>	Linear scale labelled with conc(entration) of ozone/O <sub>3</sub> <b>NOT</b> [O <sub>3</sub> ] <b>AND</b> units (molecules cm <sup>-3</sup> ). 10 <sup>12</sup> or 10 <sup>-12</sup> mentioned somewhere. Linear scale labelled with "Time" <b>AND</b> units.  X and y axes swapped but otherwise correct scores only one of the first two marks.  Exact position of points does not need checking. Line of best fit not essential but point to point or
		(ii)	4.979 – 4.983 x 10 <sup>12</sup> molecules cm <sup>-3</sup> it remains constant (AW) <b>AND</b> the gradient is	1	2.6	curved line is CON  Minimum of 4 sf required  NOT almost/fairly/nearly constant
			constant/straight line graph (AW)			IGNORE references to negative rate

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(c)	Rearrangement of gas equation to: n = PV/RT $$	4	2.5	can be implied by later working
	Conversion of volume units to $m^3 \sqrt{}$		2.6	can be implied from working
	n = P x evaluated volume / 8.314 x 300 √		2.6	ALLOW ecf if gas equation has been incorrectly rearranged wrong evaluation of this expression is <b>CON</b>
	Conversion of moles to molecules and evaluate to 2 or more sf. (correct answer is 2.4(1) x $10^{17}$ ) $\sqrt{}$		2.6	Correct answer alone scores 4 marks with no working: $2.4 \times 10^{23}$ or $2.4 \times 10^{20}$ (incorrect conversion of v) scores 3 marks $4.0 \times 10^{-7}$ (no $N_A$ ) scores 3 marks $0.4$ (incorrect v and no $N_A$ ) scores 2 marks

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(d)	Choice of method:	3		
	<b>EITHER</b> Calculate the energy of 1 mole of photons and compare with bond enthalpy.  Calculate energy of one photon (9.5 x $10^{14}$ x $6.63$ x $10^{-34}$ OR $6.30$ x $10^{-19}$ ) $\sqrt{}$ Multiply up for 1 mole and convert to kJ (photon energy x $6.02$ x $10^{23}/1000$ ) $\sqrt{}$		3.2	The 3 <sup>rd</sup> marking point can only be scored if the first 2 marks are scored OR if the only error is in conversion between J and kJ i.e. failure to convert or incorrect conversion
	Evaluate (379) and state whether bond will be broken. √		3.2	
	OR Compare the energy of one photon with one bond Calculate energy of one photon (9.5 x $10^{14}$ x $6.63$ x $10^{-34}$ OR $6.30$ x $10^{-19}$ ) $$ Calculate energy of one bond (302 x $1000/6.02$ x $10^{23}$ ) $$ Evaluate both( $6.30$ x $10^{-19}$ and $5.02$ x $10^{-19}$ ) and state whether bond will be broken. $$		3.2 3.2 3.2	
	OR Calculate minimum frequency needed to break bond Calculate energy required per molecule (302000/6.02 x $10^{23}$ ) $\sqrt{}$ Calculate required frequency of radiation (energy/6.63 x $10^{-34}$ ) $\sqrt{}$ Evaluate (7.57 x $10^{14}$ ) and state whether bond will be broken. $\sqrt{}$		3.2 3.2 3.2	
			19	

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