

General Certificate of Education

Chemistry 1421

CHEM1 Foundation Chemistry

Mark Scheme

2010 examination - January series

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Question	Part	Sub Part	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
1	(a)		2s ² 2p ⁶ 3s ¹	1	1s ² can be rewritten Allow 2s ² 2p _x ² 2p _y ² 2p _z ² 3s ¹ Allow subscripts and capitals
1	(b)	(i)	Energy/enthalpy (needed) to remove one mole of electrons from one mole of atoms/compounds/molecules/elements OR Energy to form one mole of positive ions from one mole of atoms OR	1	Energy given out loses M1 M2 is dependent on a reasonable attempt at M1 Energy needed for this change X(g) → X ⁺ (g) + e (-) = 2 marks This equation alone scores one
			Energy/enthalpy to remove one electron from one atom In the gaseous state (to form 1 mol of gaseous ions)	1	mark
1	(b)	(ii)	$Mg^{+}(g) \rightarrow Mg^{2+}(g) + e^{(-)}$ $Mg^{+}(g) + e^{(-)} \rightarrow Mg^{2+}(g) + 2e^{(-)}$ $Mg^{+}(g) - e^{(-)} \rightarrow Mg^{2+}(g)$	1	Do not penalise MG Not equation with X
1	(b)	(iii)	Electron being removed from a positive ion (therefore need more energy)/ electron being removed is closer to the nucleus/Mg ⁺ smaller (than Mg)/Mg ⁺ more positive than Mg	1	Allow from a + particle/ species Not electron from a higher energy level/or higher sub-level More protons = 0
1	(b)	(iv)	Range from 5000 to 9000 kJ mol ⁻¹	1	
1	(c)		Increase Bigger nuclear <u>charge</u> (from Na to CI)/more <u>protons</u>	1	If decrease CE = 0/3 If blank mark on QWC
			electron (taken) from same (sub)shell/ similar or same shielding/ electron closer to the nucleus/smaller atomic radius	1	If no shielding = 0 Smaller ionic radius = 0

1	(d)	Lower	1	If not lower CE = 0/3
		Two/pair of electrons in (3)p orbital or implied	1	If blank mark on Allow does not increase Not 2p
		repel (each other)	1	M3 dependent upon a reasonable attempt at M2
1	(e)	Boron/B or oxygen/O/ O ₂	1	

Question	Part	Sub Part	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
2	(a)	(i)	$M_{\rm r} = 132.1$	1	132
			0.0238	1	Allow 0.024 Allow 0.0237 Penalise less than 2 sig fig once in (a)
2	(a)	(ii)	0.0476	1	0.0474-0.0476 Allow (a) (i) x 2
2	(a)	(iii)	1.21	1	Allow consequential from (a) (ii) ie allow (a) (ii) x 1000 / 39.30 Ignore units even if wrong
2	(b)		$\frac{34 \times 100}{212.1}$ = 16.0(3)%	1	Allow mass or Mr of desired product times one hundred divided by total mass or Mr of reactants/products If 34/212.1 seen correctly award M1 Allow 16% 16 scores 2 marks
2	(c)		100(%)	1	Ignore all working
2	(d)		$PV = nRT \text{ or } n = \frac{PV}{RT}$	1	If rearranged incorrectly lose M1 and M3
			$n = \frac{100000 \times 1.53 \times 10^{-2}}{8.31 \times 310}$	1	M2 for mark for converting P and T into correct units in any expression
			= 0.59(4)	1	Allow 0.593 M3 consequential on transcription error only not on incorrect P and T

2	(e)	(Na ₂ SO ₄) (44.1%)	H₂O 55.9%	1	M1 is for 55.9
		44.1/142.1 0.310 =1	55.9/18 3.11 =10	1	Alternative method gives180 for water part =2 marks
		<i>x</i> = 10		1	X = 10 = 3 marks 10.02 = 2 marks

Question	Part	Sub Part	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
3	(a)		Hydrogen/H bonds	1	Not just hydrogen
			van der Waals/vdw/ dipole-dipole/London/temporarily induced dipole/dispersion forces	1	Not just dipole
3	(b)		Η Η δ+ δ- Η Η	3	M1 for partial charges as indicated in diagram (correct minimum) M2 for all four lone pairs M3 for H bond from the lp to the H (δ +) on the other molecule Lone pair on hydrogen CE = 0 OHO CE = 0 If only one molecule of water shown CE = 0
3	(c)		Hydrogen bonds/IMF (in water) stronger OR IMF / VDW / dipole-dipole forces (in H ₂ S) are weaker OR H bonding is the strongest IMF	1	Ignore energy references Comparison must be stated or implied
3	(d)		Atoms/molecules get larger/more shells/more electrons/ more surface area	1	Not heavier/greater Mr
			therefore increased <u>Van der Waals/IMF</u> forces	1	Ignore references to dipole-dipole forces

3	(e)	Dative (covalent)/ coordinate	1	If not dative/coordinate CE = 0/2 If covalent or blank read on
		(Lone) pair/both electrons/two electrons on O(H ₂) donated (to H ⁺) OR pair/both electrons come from O(H ₂)	1	Explanation of a coordinate bond specific to oxygen or water required Not just H+ attracted to lone pair since that is nearer to a H bond
3	(f)	ionic	1	if not ionic CE = 0
		oppositely charged ions /+ and - ions or particles	1	atoms or molecules loses M2 and M3
		ions attract strongly OR strong/many (ionic) bonds must be broken	1	S ⁻ loses M2 Reference to IMF loses M2 and M3

Question	Part	Sub Part	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
4	(a)	(i)	single (C-C) bonds only/ no double (C=C) bonds C and H (atoms) only/purely/solely/entirely	1	Allow all carbon atoms bonded to four other atoms Single C-H bonds only =0 C=H CE Not consists or comprises Not completely filled with hydrogen CH molecules = CE Element containing C and H = CE
4	(a)	(ii)	C_nH_{2n+2}	1	Formula only C _x H _{2x+2}
4	(b)	(i)	$C_5H_{12} + 8O_2 \rightarrow 5CO_2 + 6H_2O$	1	Accept multiples Ignore state symbols
4	(b)	(ii)	gases produced are greenhouse gases/contribute to Global warming/effect of global warming/climate change	1	Allow CO ₂ or water is greenhouse gas/causes global warming Acid rain/ozone CE = 0
4	(c)		carbon	1	Allow C Allow soot
4	(d)	(i)	$C_9H_{20} \rightarrow C_5H_{12} + C_4H_8$ OR $C_9H_{20} \rightarrow C_5H_{12} + 2C_2H_4$	1	Accept multiples
4	(d)	(ii)	Plastics, polymers	1	Accept any polyalkene / haloalkanes / alcohols
4	(d)	(iii)	so the <u>bonds</u> break OR because the <u>bonds</u> are strong	1	IMF mentioned = 0
4	(e)	(i)	1,4-dibromo-1-chloropentane / 1-chloro-1,4-dibromopentane	1	Ignore punctuation
4	(e)	(ii)	Chain/position/positional	1	Not structural or branched alone

Question	Part	Sub Part	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
5	(a)		Average/mean mass of (1) atom(s) (of an element) 1/12 mass of one atom of ¹² C OR (Average) mass of one mole of atoms 1/12 mass of one mole of ¹² C OR (Weighted) average mass of all the isotopes 1/12 mass of one atom of ¹² C OR	1	If moles and atoms mixes Max = 1
			Average mass of an atom/isotope compared to C-12 on a scale in which an atom of C-12 has a mass of 12		This expression = 2 marks
5	(b)		d block [Ar] 3d ² 4s ² 27	1	Allow 3d/D Other numbers lose M1 Ignore transition metals Can be written in full Allow subscripts 3d ² and 4s ² can be in either order

5	(c)	(90x9) + (91x2) + (92x3) + (94x3) (= 1550)	1	If one graph reading error lose M1
		17 (or ∑ their abundances)	1	and allow consequential M2 and
				M3. If 2 GR errors penalise M1 and M2
				but allow consequential M3
				If not 17 or ∑ their abundances lose
		=91.2	1	M2 and M3 91.2 = 3 marks provided working
		=91.2	'	shown.
		Zr/ Zirconium	1	M4 -allow nearest consequential
				element from M3
				accept Zr in any circumstance
5	(d)	High energy electrons/bombarded or hit with electrons	1	accept electron gun
		knocks out electron(s) (to form ions)	1	
		Z ⁺ = 90 deflected most	1	If not 90 lose M3 and M4
				If charge is wrong on 90 isotope
				lose M3 only
		since lowest mass/lowest m/z	1	Accept any symbol in place of Z Allow lightest
	(0)		14	
5	(e)	(ions hit detector and) cause current/(ions) accept electrons/cause electron flow	1	QWC
		bigger current = more of that isotope/current proportional to	1	Implication that current depends on
		abundance	1	the number of ions

Question	Part	Sub Part	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
6			F. As—F	1	Mark M1 – M5 independently M1 for 5 bond pairs around As Do not penalise A for As or FI for F
			trigonal / triangular bipyramid(al)	1	Allow trigonal dipyramid
			F F	1	M3 for 2 bond pairs to F and 2 lone pairs Lone pairs can be shown as lobes with or without electrons or as xx or x_x
			Bent / V shape / non-linear / triangular / angular	1	Bent-linear = contradiction Do not allow trigonal
			104° - 106°	1	Do not allow trigonal
			(For candidates who thought this was CIF_2^+ which contained iodine allow		
			Trigonal / triangular <u>planar</u>		Not just triangular
			120°		